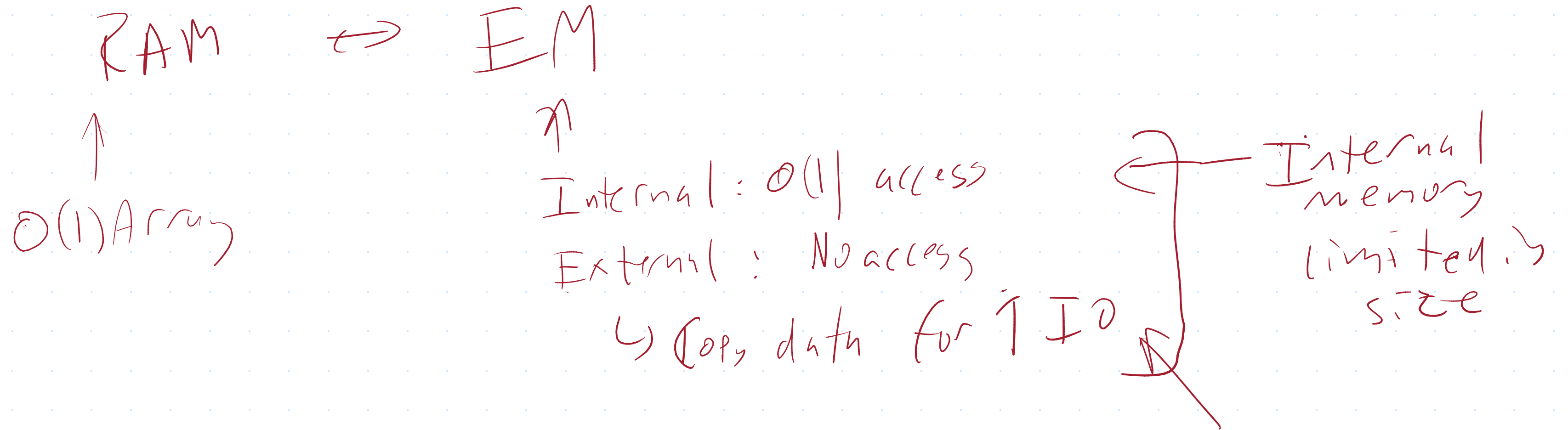
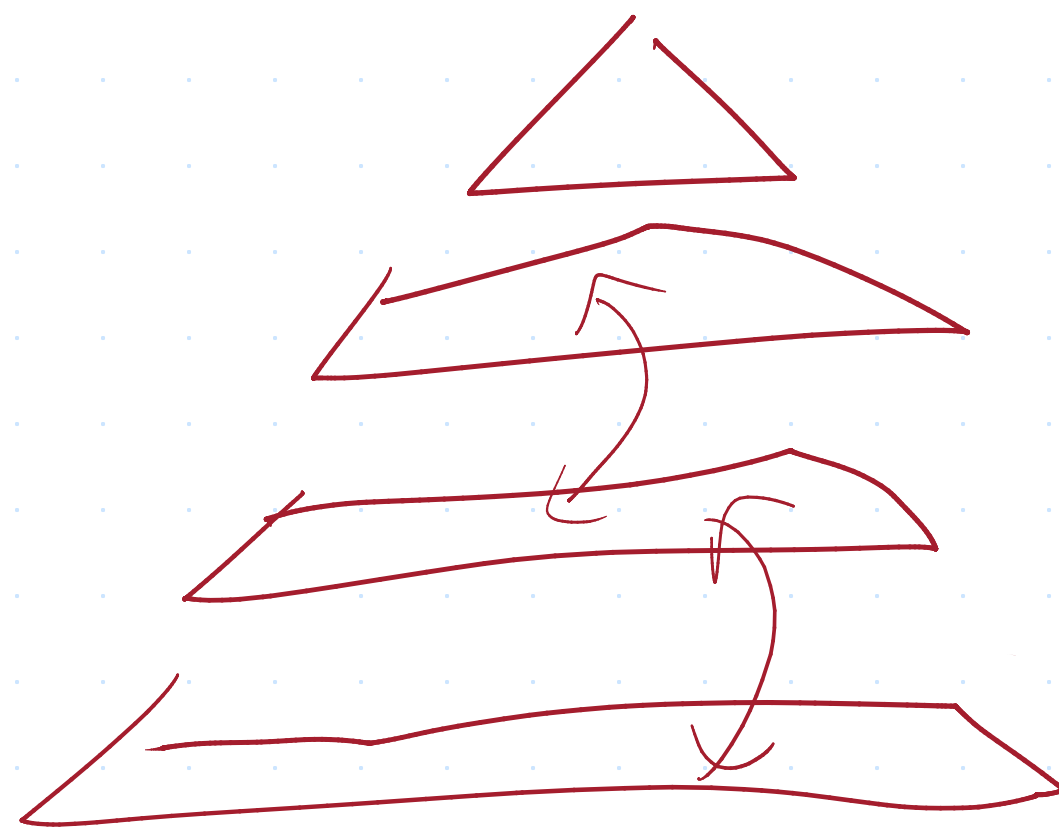




- Runtime $\checkmark$

- Runtime cost
- IO cost
- Mem req'd



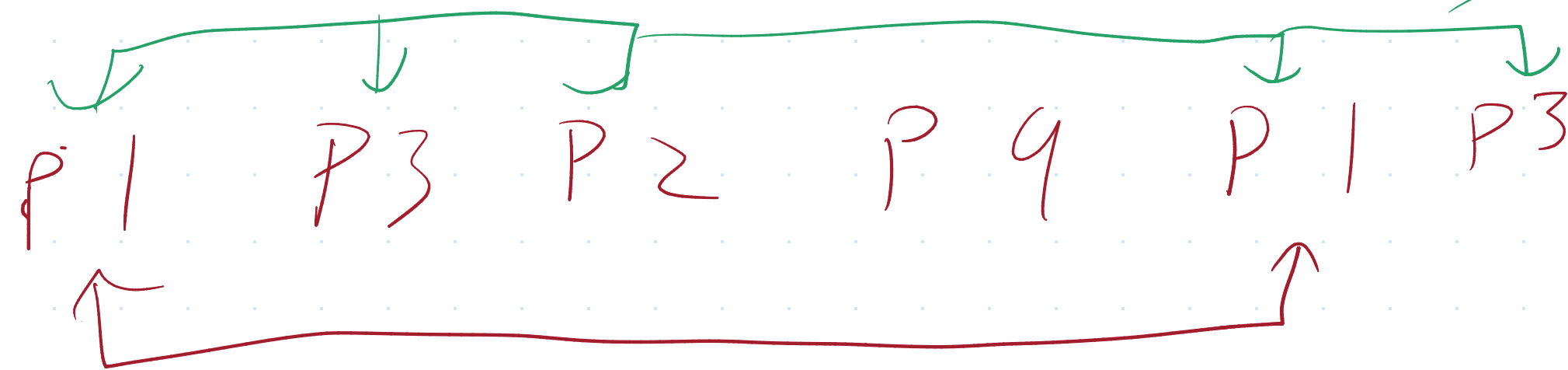
Registers
L1
L2
L3
RAM
Disk

HW
HW
HW

SW

FM model
Apps

Temporal locality



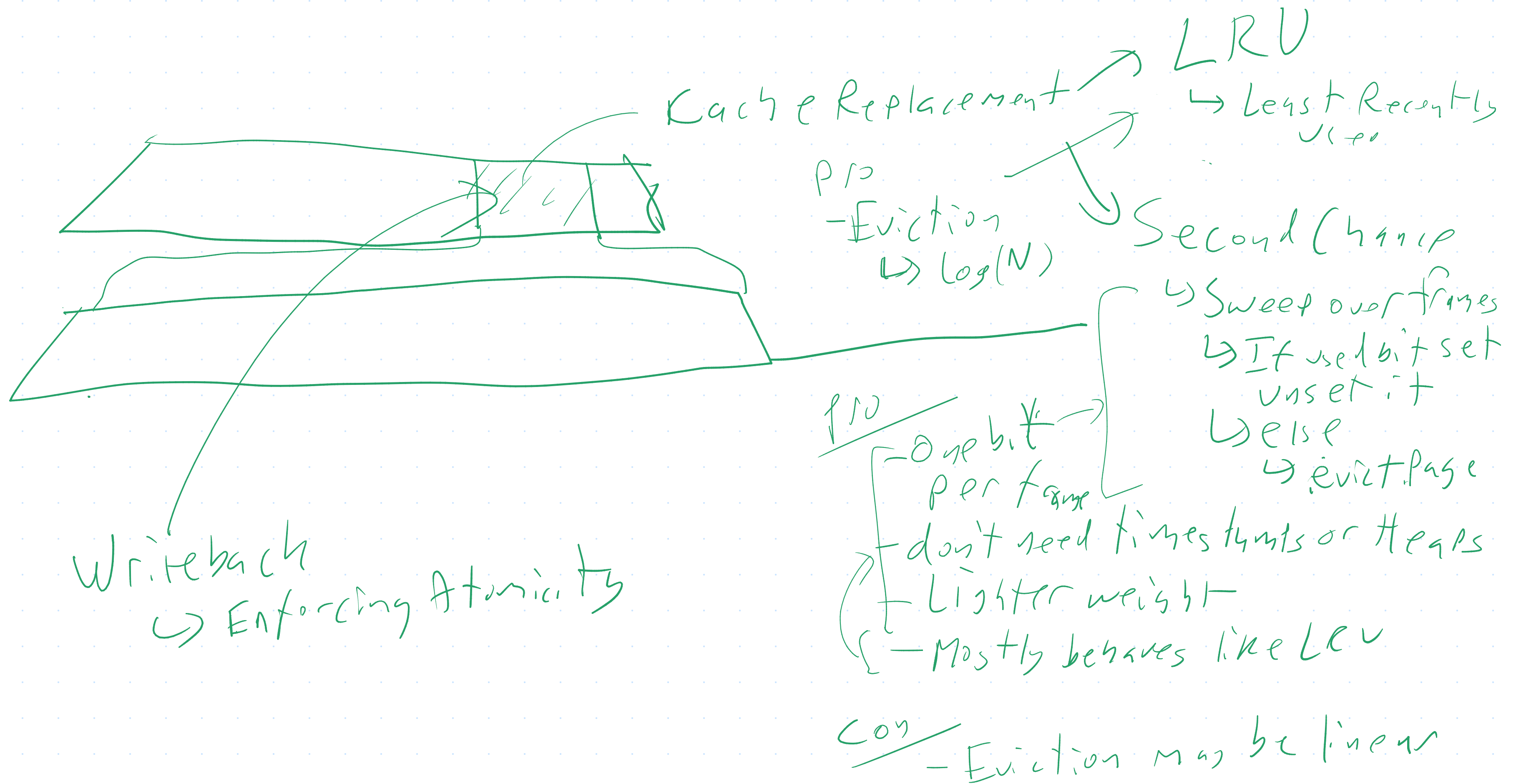
Temporal
locality

Spatial locality

- ↳ Turns into temporal locality at lower levels
- ↳ Enables prefetching

← Caching means that
sufficiently local
reads only need I/O

Spatial locality



Tidy Data

- Each cell has one thing
 - Each record describes one "entity"
 - Each data value lives in exactly one place
- No Redundancy

Relations/Tables

- Project: changes the columns of a table
 - Selection (filter): removes rows
 - Join: combines tables - pairing records using a join condition
 - Union: combines rows of tables
 - Aggregation / G.B.: Statistics
- More consistent
Easy to find/search
- Relational algebra

Serialization

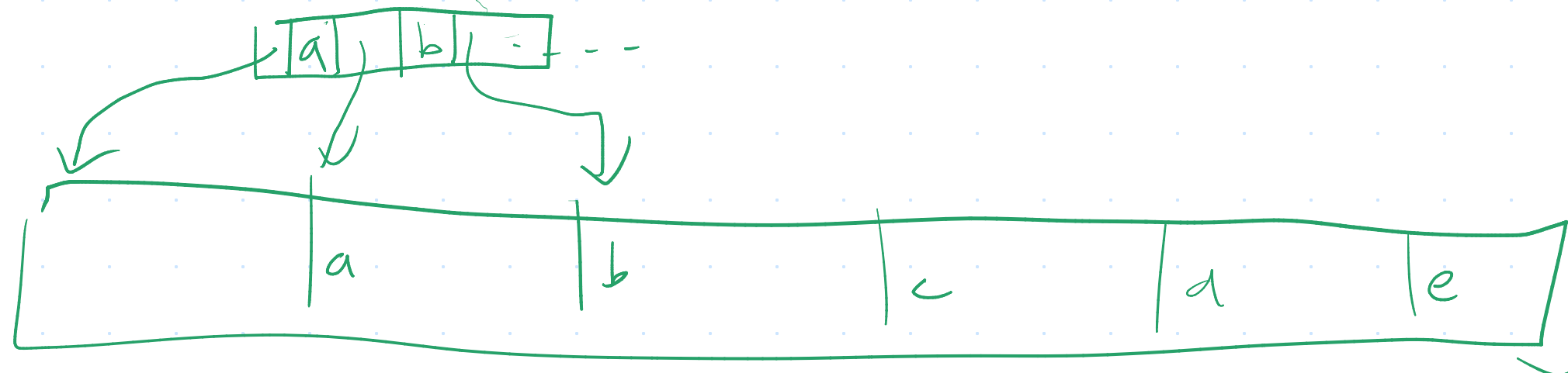
Field $\rightarrow$ Array of bits

— Record $\rightarrow$ Array of bits

— 'Array of records' $\rightarrow$ Page (Array of bits)

Tree Based Data layout $\rightarrow$ Sort

$\rightarrow$ FP-Table



access any record
with 1 I/O

$O(N)$ memory

Very small
constant

$\rightarrow$ ISAM



access any record
w/ $\log_k(N)$ I/Os

fairly large
(size of page)

very
hard
to
modify

↳ B+ Tree

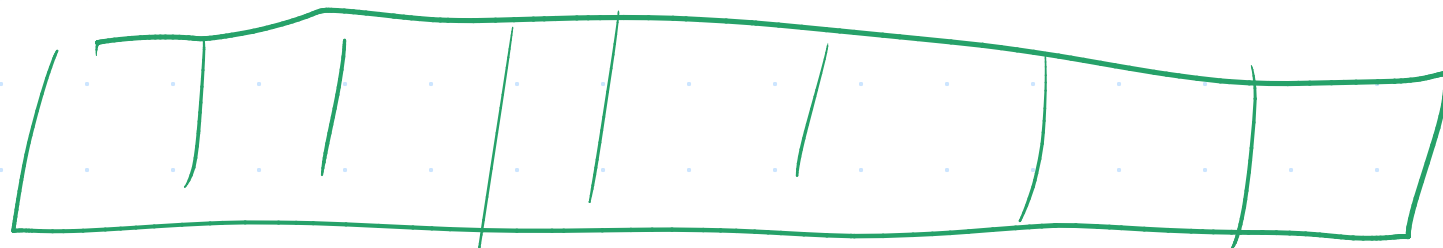
↳ I.S.A.M, but leave up to 50% space in each
data & dir page

forces
a link
change
to parent

- ↳ If page fills up: Split it
- ↳ If page falls below 50%
 - ↳ steal records from adj pages
 - ↳ merge it adj pages already at 50%

↳ $O(\log_{\frac{K}{2}}(N))$ I/Os to access

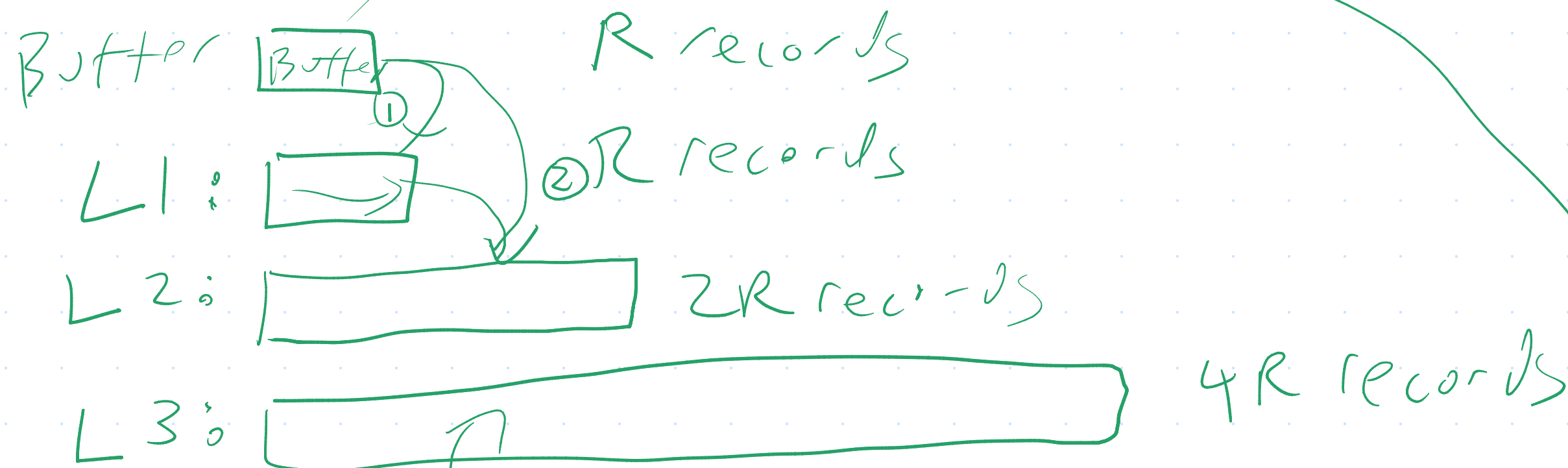
Hash



$$\text{Hash}(R) = 2$$

W.R - Optimized

LSM



Productive [FP Table
w/ Sorted on-disk array

Original [LSM Index
p5

w/l levels

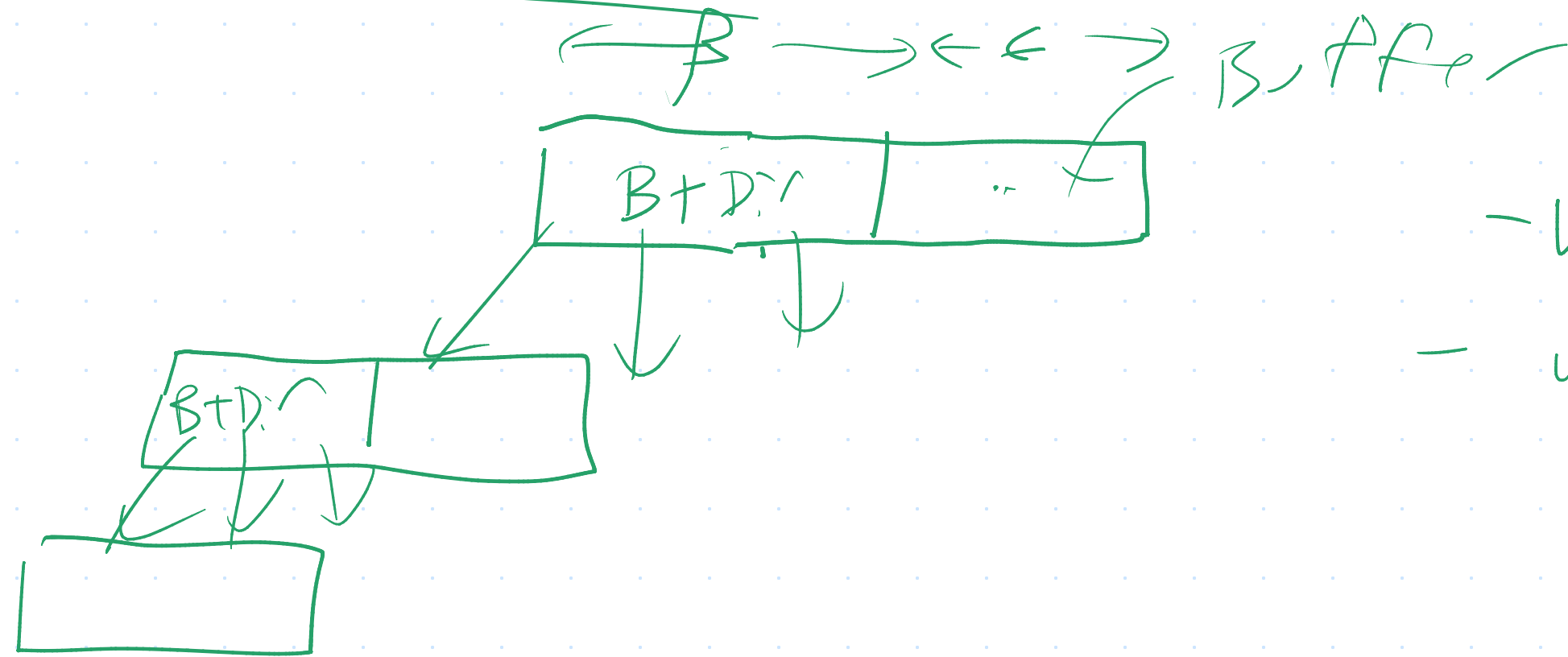
No record is copied $> l$ times

Write amplification $\leq l$

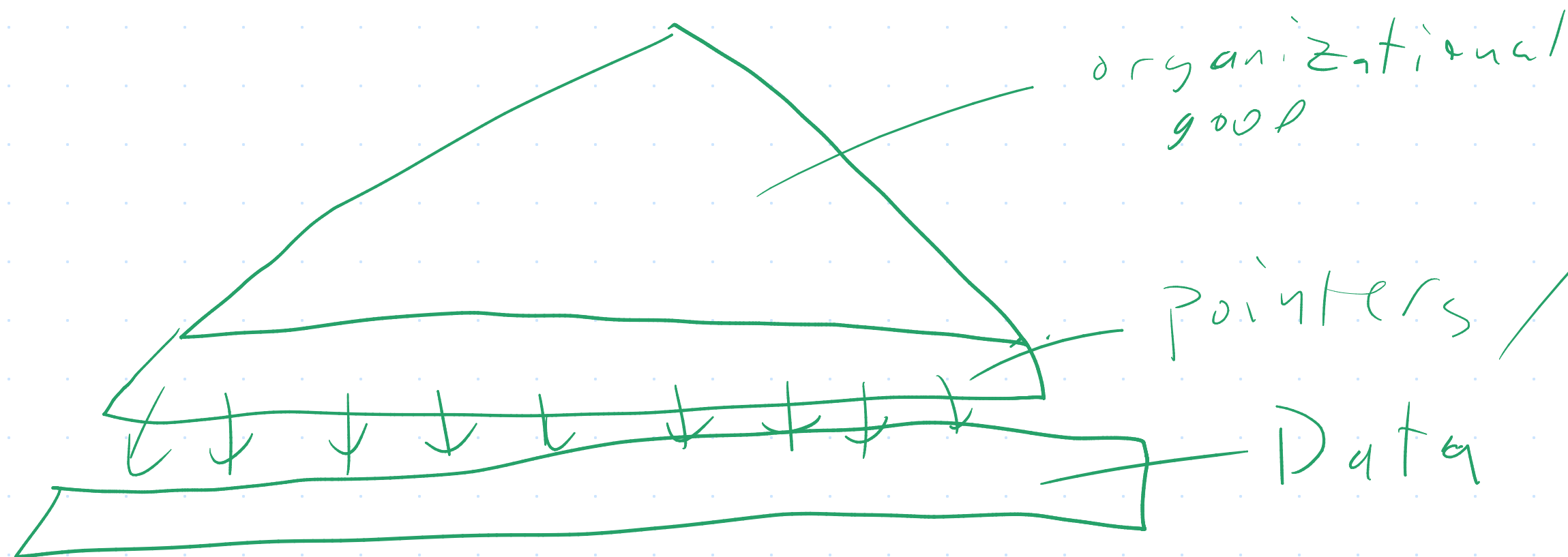
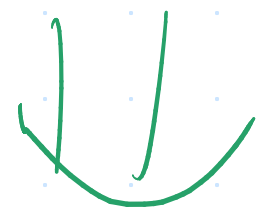
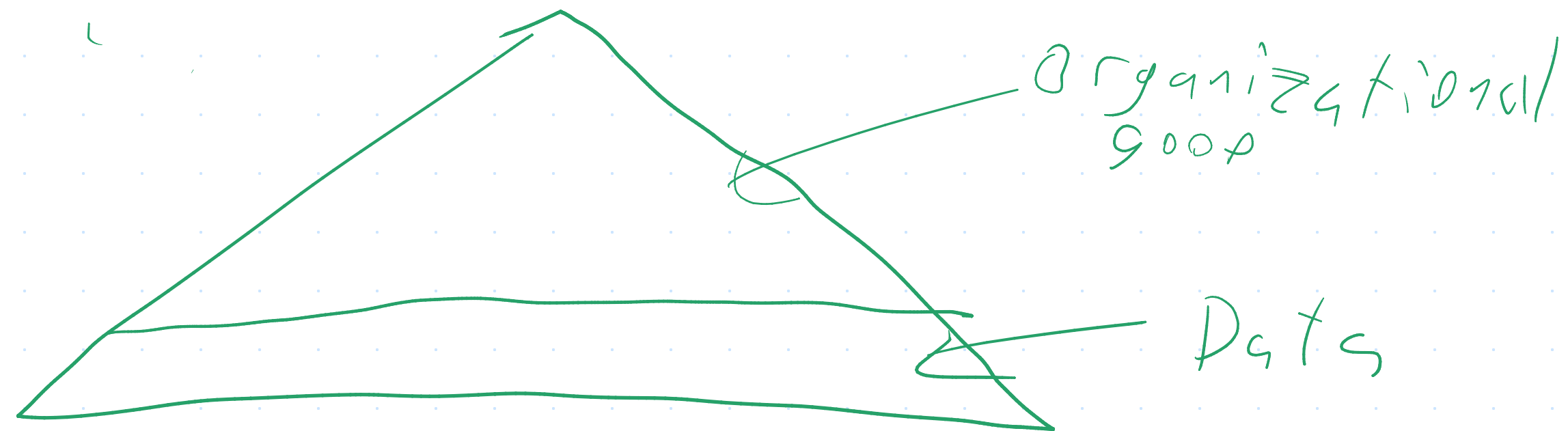
Read amplification $\leq l$

Good for range scans

B-Tree



- Writes go to buffer in root
- when buffer full, empty buffer & write to next level
 - ↳ repeat as needed



Clustered
preserves
spatial
locality

key locality
⇒ Record
locality

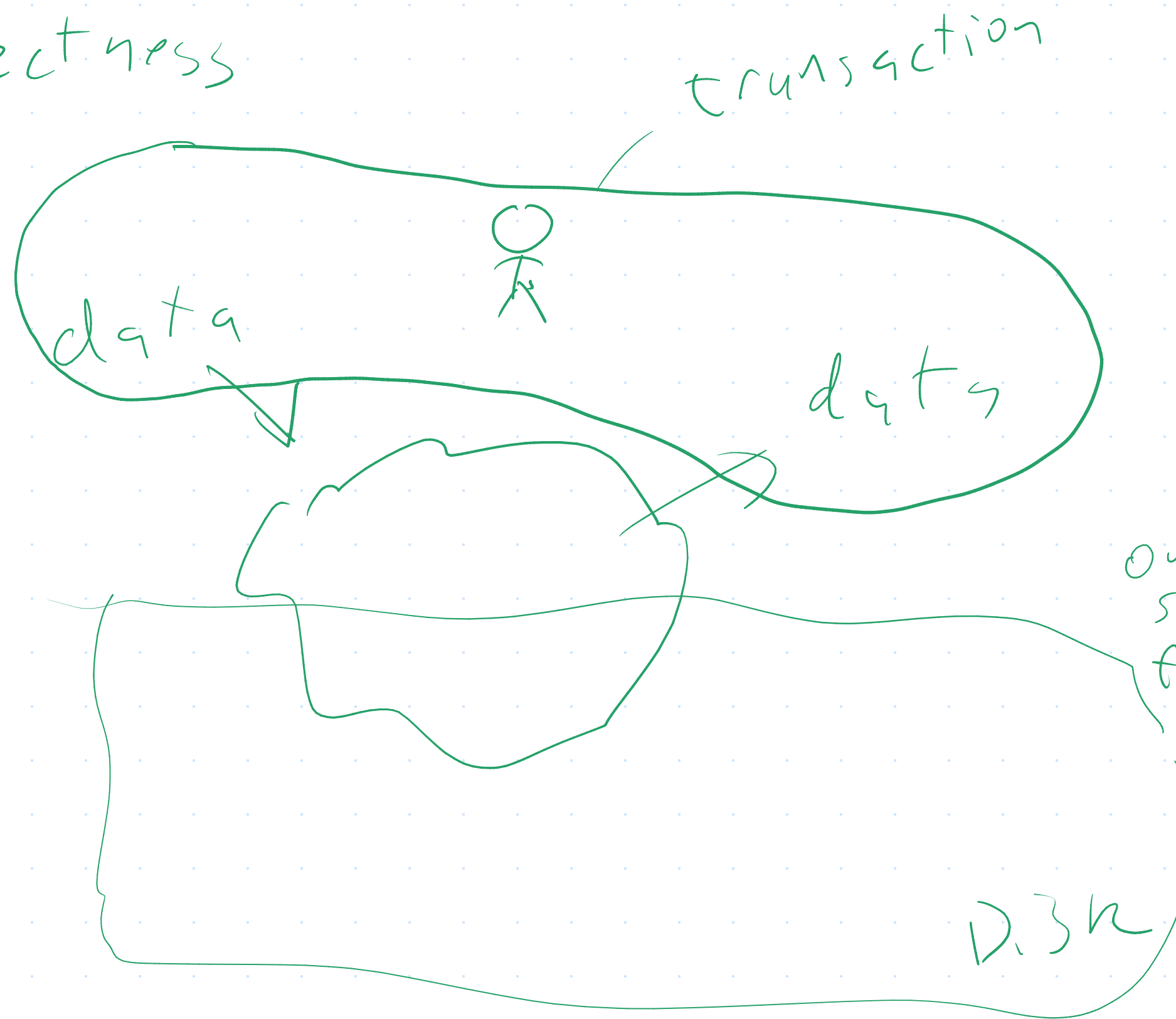


clustered
(Data
orged in
same way
as index)



unclustered

Correctness



Atomicity

Transaction's effects are all visible or not visible at all
Commit / Abort

Consistency →

effects of xact are checked for sanity

Isolation →

Each xact can pretend that nothing else is running

Durability →

When xact commits all its effects are "safe"

out of sync for > 50

Atomicity + Durability

↳ Big problems: HW failure
Disaster

→ RAID
→ Replicating data.

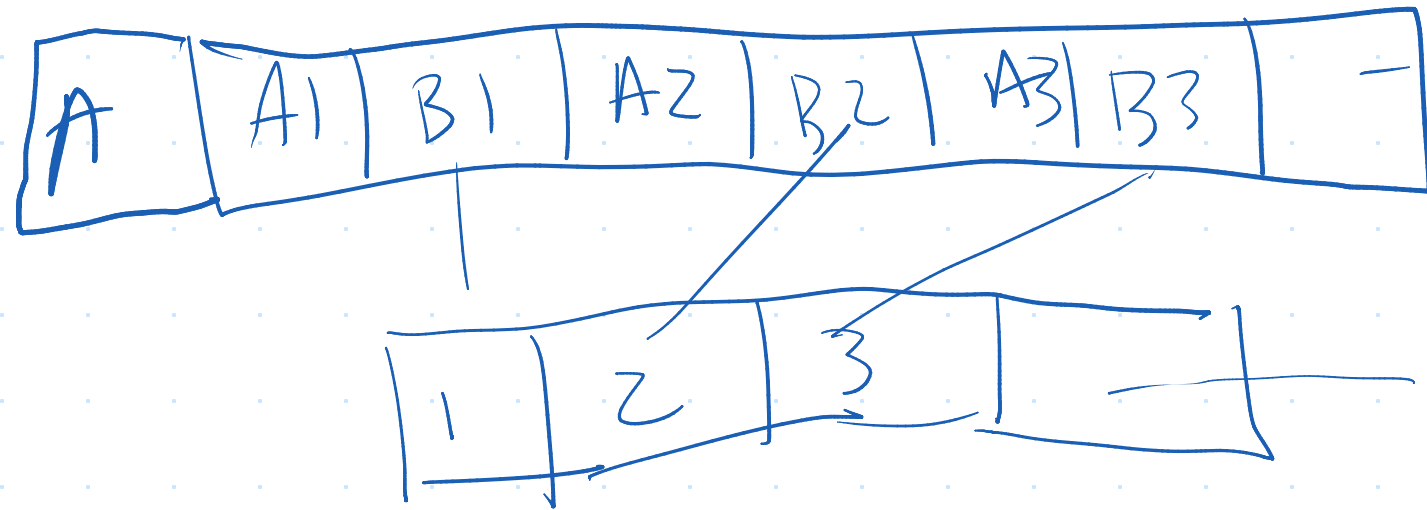
↳ Power failure
or crash

→ If writing many pages
not every write may be successful

↳ Assumption: One page write
will be atomic

Data Duplication

Twin Block



- Flush edits to disk

- Flip version (commit)

- Copy new data over old

- Start editing old blocks

- Write out page lookup table

- Flush edits to disk

- Update version to point to new lookup table

Shadow Paging



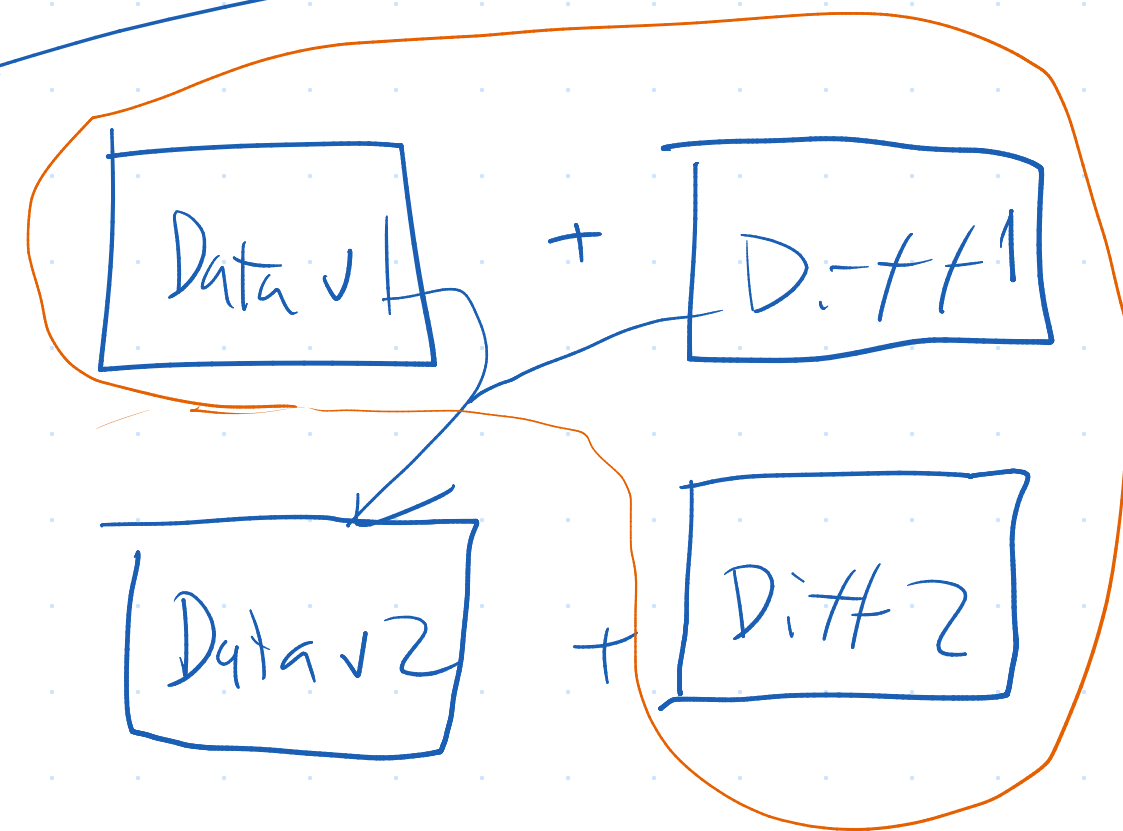
(Copy on Write)

pro/ Less redundancy

con/ Lower preservation of spatial locality

Diff-based

Diff file



Log (WAL)



↑ data acts as cache for log

Atomicity

↳ Abort + Limited Mem

↳ May need to write changes to disk
before COMMIT

↳ Undo logging

↳ Log prev version before write

↳ To undo: replay log in reverse

Algorithms

- Sortion (2 Pass sort)
+ optimization for bigger initial runs
- Joins (2 pass hash
Block Nested Loop
Sort-Merge)

Projects

0. Paged data access

1. Buffer Mgr

2. Record layout

3. Indexing

4. ESAM

5. LSM

